



Livin' On A Prayer — Year 5, Autumn

Rock music is a broad genre of popular music that originated as "rock and roll" in the United States in the late 1940s and early 1950s, developing into a range of different styles in the mid-1960s.



Class Musician: Johann Sebastian Bach

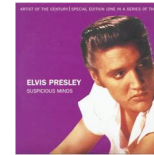
- * Johann Sebastian Bach was born 31st March 1685.
- * He was a German composer and musician of the Baroque period.
- * He is known for instrumental compositions such as the Art of Fugue, the Brandenburg Concertos, and the Goldberg Variations, and for vocal music such as the St Matthew Passion and the Mass in B minor.
- * He passed away 28th July 1750.



It has its roots in the rhythm and blues, the blues genres of African-American music and country music. Rock is centred around the electric guitar, usually as part of a rock group with an electric bass, drums and one or more singers.

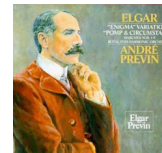
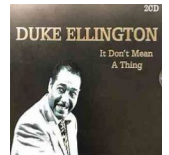
Sticky Knowledge

I can name five songs from memory, say who sang or wrote them and know when they were written and why.



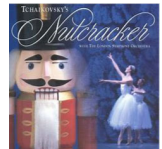
Elvis Presley — **Suspicious Minds** (written by American Song-writer Mark James, 1968) is about confusion in relationships.

Edward Kennedy "Duke" Ellington — **It Don't Mean a Thing** (composition written by Ellington 1931) is about the celebration of jazz music.



Edward Elgar - **Enigma Variations, op. 36** (composition written by Elgar, October 1898 – Feb 1899) is centred around friendship.

Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky — **The Nutcracker** (composition written by Tchaikovsky 1892) written for the ballet 'The Nutcracker'.



Ludwig van Beethoven — **Symphony No. 9** (composition written by Beethoven 1822-24) written to unify all.

Glossary

harmony
bar

Different notes sung or played at the same time, to produce chords.

A segment of time corresponding to a specific number of beats in which each beat is represented by a particular note value and the boundaries of the bar are indicated by vertical bar lines.

texture

Layers of sound in music.



Classroom Jazz — Year 5, Autumn

Jazz music originated during the late 19th and early 20th centuries in the Black communities in New Orleans. Instruments used include trumpets, pianos, trombones and the four types of saxophone — soprano, alto, tenor and baritone.

**International Jazz
Day— 30th April**

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In the 1970s, jazz was influenced by Latin jazz, mixing rhythms from Latin and African countries. Instruments such as the güiro and claves were introduced. Improvisation is a very important part of jazz (playing what you feel in that moment). Scat jazz is a style that also involves vocal improvisation (making it up on the spot). The singer makes up melodies and rhythms with their voice, not necessarily using full words or making any sense!

Glossary

harmony	Different notes sung or played at the same time, to produce chords.
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Iconic Jazz Artists



Edward Kennedy "Duke" Ellington (April 29, 1899 – May 24, 1974) was an American composer, pianist, and leader of a jazz orchestra, which he led from 1923 until his death. His career spanned more than half a century.



Ella Jane Fitzgerald (April 25, 1917 – June 15, 1996) was an American jazz singer, sometimes referred to as the First Lady of Song, Queen of Jazz, and Lady Ella. She was noted for her purity of tone, impeccable diction, phrasing, timing, intonation, and a "horn-like" improvisational ability, particularly in her scat singing.